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CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5"

Reel #511
Shilov, Ye.O.

SHILOV, Ye.O. [Shylov, YE.O.], akademik

Using isotopes in scientific experiments. Nauka i zhyttia 8
no.4:51-52 Ap '58.
(MIR^A 13:5)

1. AN USSR.

(Isotopes)

SHILOV, Ye.A.; BOGDANOV, M.N.

Rearrangement of salts of aromatic sulfonic acids. Ukr. khim.
zhur. 24 no. 2:232-235 '58. (MIRA 11:6)
(Sulfonic acids)
(Rearrangements(Chemistry))

SHILOV, Ye.A.

Reply of A.I. Titov and F.L. Maklinay to my "Remarks". Ukr. khim.
zhur. 24 no.4:487-488 '58. (MIRA 11:10)
(Chemical reactions)

AUTHORS: Vaynshteyn, F. M., Shilov, Ye. A. 79-28-3-49/61

TITLE: The Sulfolysis of the Sulfo Groups of Aromatic Sulfo Acids
(Sul'foliz sul'fogrupp aromaticheskikh sul'fokislot)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal Obshchey Khimii, 1958, Vol. 28, Nr 3, pp. 782-787
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The investigation of the migration of the sulfo group showed that these reactions take place predominantly by the hydrolysis of the sulfo acid and the subsequent sulfonation of the formed aromatic compounds. Cases are known, however, where the regrouping of the sulfo group takes place also in water-free sulfuric acid and even in oleum, i.e. under conditions excluding hydrolysis. The opinion of some researchers that this fact must be attributed to an intramolecular migration mechanism of the sulfo groups is not accepted by the authors because of stereochemical considerations: Thus it is, for instance, improbable that the sulfo groups of 1,5 naphthalene disulfo acid could regroup in the positions 2 and 7 without losing their bond with the aromatic nucleus just for one moment, the more, as in the absence of water other anionides could accept

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The Sulfolysis of the Sulfo Groups of Aromatic Sulfo Acids 79-28-3-49/61

the rôle of an acceptor of the molecule SO_3 . In isolated cases sulfuric acid and its anion can bind SO_3 forming pyrosulfuric acid and the anion HS_2O_7^- . This way the migration of the sulfo group could intramolecularly not take place as hydrolysis but as sulfolysis. The authors decided to prove this assumption by using the sulfur S^{35} as radioactive indicator. Sulfo acids, which could no further be sulfonated had to be used as an entrance of the radioactive sulfogroups into the unoccupied positions of the molecule, could have made more difficult the analysis of the reaction processes. The choice fell to the 2,4,6-toluenetrisulfo acid (TTA) and 2,4,6-phenoltrisulfo acid (PTA). Either of these two acids was heated with the radioactive fuming sulfuric acid, or, the other way round, the radioactive sulfo acid was heated with the nonradioactive oleum. Then the radioactivity of the separated and purified trisulfo acid or of the H_2SO_4 was determined in the reaction products. It was shown that the substitution of the sulfo groups with TTC takes place in two stages: I - by substituting the HO_3S -groups by H(sulfolysis), and II - by sulfonating the product of sulfolysis to the TTC. With increasing content of SO_3 in the sulfuric acid the stage I is slowed down and stage II is

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The Sulfolysis of the Sulfo Groups of Aromatic Sulfo Acids 79-28-3-49/61

accelerated. The velocity of the substitution of the HO_3S -groups does not depend on the concentration of the SO_3^2- -group in sulfuric acid. In the sulfolysis PTA the sulfo group of this molecule seems to represent among the protons the nucleophil proton.

There are 4 figures, 1 table, and 6 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk - S.S.R
(Institute for Organic Chemistry, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: March 5, 1957

Card 3/3

20-119-4-30/60

AUTHORS: Kozinenko, I. K., Shilov, Ye. A., Member AS Ukrainian SSR

TITLE: The Kinetics and the Mechanism of the Oxidation of Alcohols and Aldehydes by Active Chlorine (Kinetika i mekhanizm okisleniya alkogoley i al'degidov aktivnym khlorom)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol. 119, Nr 4, pp. 737 - 740 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In the course of the present work meta-sulfobenzyl alcohol and meta-sulfobenzaldehyde are used (in form of sodium salts), because these compounds make the observation of the oxidation of the alcohol group or the aldehyde group by active chlorine in an aqueous solution in a pure state possible. The first chapter deals with the oxidation of meta-sulfobenzyl alcohol. In the case of a constant pH value and a larger surplus of meta-sulfobenzyl alcohol the decrease of the titer of active chlorine in the presence of buffer salt obeys the monomolecular equation, which fact points in the direction of a logarithmic anamorphosis. On the other hand, reaction velocity is nearly exactly proportional to the concentration of sulfoalcohol and can, in the general

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The Kinetics and the Mechanism of the Oxidation of
Alcohols and Aldehydes by Active Chlorine

20-119-4-30/60

hyperchlorous acid acts as a weakly oxidizing agent. After pH ~ 4 the velocity of reaction at first increases, but, in contrast to the oxidation of alcohol, it does not pass through a maximum but attains a constant value which does not change within the interval of pH values from 8 to 13. The anions of the salts of the buffer mixture catalyze the reaction. The general kinetic equation for this reaction is explicitly written down and is discussed in short. The last part of this work contains some data concerning the production of samples and the carrying out of experiments. There are 2 figures, 1 table and 9 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (Kiyev Polytechnic Institute) Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry AS Ukrainian SSR)

SUBMITTED: November 10, 1957

Carla J. S.

5(2,3)
AUTHORS:

Vaynshteyn, F. M.,
 Shilov, Ye. A., Member, Academy of Sciences, UkrSSR
 on the
 Kinetic Isotopic Effect/Iodination reaction of Aromatic Amines
 (Kineticheskiy izotopnyy effekt v reaktsiyakh yodirovaniya
 aromaticeskikh aminov)

SOV/20-123-1-24/56

TITLE:

PERIODICAL:

ABSTRACT:

Ooklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 123, Nr 1, pp 93-96
 (USSR)

It was recently proved (Ref 1) that the introduction of iodine
 into the aromatic dialkyl-amino-sulfo acids is described by a
 three-molecular kinetic equation:

$$-\frac{d(J)}{dt} = k_1[M]^2 [X] + k_2[M] [X] [B],$$

(1), where M is the anion of the mentioned acid, B the basic
 component of the buffer mixture and X the iodine cation or the
 iodine molecule. It can be seen from equation (1) that either
 the base B or the second amine molecule take part in the
 iodination mechanism. This phenomenon might be explained by
 two ways: A. The base acts as a proton acceptor (see scheme).
 B. A complex of the following composition acts as iodinating

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on the
Kinetic Isotopic Effect /Iodination Reaction of

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agent: X . . . NR₂Ar or in buffer solutions X . . . B
(see scheme). In this case either a water molecule (as given in the scheme) or another base might serve as a proton acceptor. Both scheme A and B cannot be distinguished kinetically, it is, however, possible to choose between them by using the determinations of the isotopic effect in substituting iodine for hydrogen. If the reaction follows the mechanism A, an isotopic effect will be seen. If the mechanism B becomes effective, the isotopic effect is not necessary. The iodination, however, can proceed according to mechanism B also with isotopic effect, provided that the dissociation rate of the proton is comparable to the formation rate of the intermediate quinoid complex. In order to be able to decide upon the arising alternative, the authors have studied the iodination kinetics of several aromatic amines, amino carbons and amino-sulfo acids (Table 1). At the same time, the kinetic isotopic effect was determined by comparing the constants of the iodination rates in ordinary amino compounds and such containing deuterium. Apart from some

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Kinetic Isotopic Effect, ^{on the} Iodination Reaction of
Aromatic Amines

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special cases the rate of iodination of the compounds investigated followed equation (1). For primary amines and for methyl aniline X means the iodine-cation (hydrated or in complex with an amine). The iodination of the tertiary amino compounds proceeds by two ways: by J^+ and by J_2^- (or by the complexes of the latter with amines). The basic results are given in table 1 and figure 1. As can be seen from the data in table 1 and from the curve 4 in figure 1, the iodination reaction proceeds in some cases without any isotopic effect. This is the case in 3 dimethyl-amino-benzene-sulfo acids. The 2,4,6-tri-deutero-m-dimethylamine benzoate ion is iodinated somewhat slower than its light compound. Regarding the remaining compounds, iodination proceeds with a considerable isotopic effect (of 3 up to 4.8). To this group belong various primary and secondary amines and salts of amino-sulfo- as well as aminocarbonic acids which contain a primary amino group. The paper concludes with an attempt of interpreting the obtained results. There are 1 figure, 2 tables, and 12 references.

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on the
Kinetic Isotopic Effect/Iodination Reaction of
Aromatic Amines

SOV/20-123-1-24/56

3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR
(Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences,
UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: July 24, 1958

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SOV/63-4-1-18/31

5(3)

AUTHORS: Shilov, Ye.A., Member of the UkrSSR Academy of Sciences,
Vorozhtsov, N.N., Corresponding Member of the USSR Academy of
Sciences

TITLE: The London Symposium on Theoretical Organic Chemistry (London-
skiy simpozium po teoreticheskoy organicheskoy khimii)

PERIODICAL: Khimicheskaya nauka i promyshlennost', 1959, Vol 4, Nr 1,
pp 121-122 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The British Chemical Society organized a symposium on September
15-17, 1958, in London. The symposium was attended by more than
850 chemists from various countries, among them three from the
USSR: the authors of this article and the Member-Correspondent
of the USSR Academy of Sciences O.A. Reutov.

ASSOCIATIONS: AN UkrSSR (Academy of Sciences of the UkrSSR). AN SSSR (USSR
Academy of Sciences)

Card 1/1

VYVAL'KO, I.G.; DUSHCHECHKIN, A.I. [deceased]; LUSHCHEVSKAYA, G.M.; HATKOV'KIY, K.I.;
SAVINOV, B.G. SHILOV, Ye.A.; YASNIKOV, A.A.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-
Biosynthesis of carotene. Vitamin no. 01549510001-
(MIRA 12:9)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR i Institut
zemledeliya Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva USSR, Kiyev.
(CAROTENE)

SOV/21-59-6-15/27

5 (

AUTHORS:

Shilov, Ye. O., Academician of the AS UkrSSR, and Dvorko, N. F.
(Dvorko, G. F.)

TITLE:

Kinetics and Mechanism of Mercury Chloride Addition to the
Triple Bond in the Presence of Lithium Chloride in Methanol

PERIODICAL:

Dopovidia Akademii Nauk Ukrains'koi RSR, 1959, Nr 6,
pp 636 - 641 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The authors studied the kinetics of addition of $HgCl_2$ in the presence of $LiCl$ to certain acetylene derivatives in methanol at $50^\circ C$, in soldered ampules contained in a thermostat. It was found that $HgCl_2$ does not add to phenylacetylene. Methyl ethers of phenylpropylic and n-nitrophenylpropylic acids react very slowly. $HgCl_2$ is added to methyl ethers of propylic and acetylendicarbonic acids at a measurable rate. $HgCl_2$ is added to propylic ether at a rate about four times faster than to acetylendicarbonic ether under similar conditions. For acetylendicarbonic ether, the reaction is complicated by simultaneous nucleophilic addition of NCl .

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Kinetics and Mechanism of Mercury Chloride Addition to the Triple Bond in
the Presence of Lithium Chloride in Methanol

The reaction rate of $HgCl_2$ addition is monomolecular in an unsaturated compound. On doubling the $HgCl_2$ concentration the reaction rate increases less than twice, and in case of LiCl, more than twice. The kinetic results of examinations of addition of $HgCl_2$ to methyl ethers of propylic acid are shown in Figures 1 and 2, where "a" is ether concentration in mol/l; "B" is $HgCl_2$ concentration in mol/l; "c" is LiCl concentration in mol/l. Figures 3 and 5 show the speed of addition of $HgCl_2$ to dimethyl ether of acetylenedicarbonic acid (7 investigations). Figure 4 shows the speed of nucleophilic addition of HCl to the same ether. Figure 6 shows dependence of the solubility of $HgCl_2$ in CH_3OH on the LiCl concentration at 30, 40 and 50°C. Allowing for the presence in the solution of the equilibrium $HgCl_2 + LiCl \rightleftharpoons HgCl_3^- + Li^+$, a tetramolecular kinetic equation is proposed for describing the rate of the $HgCl_2$

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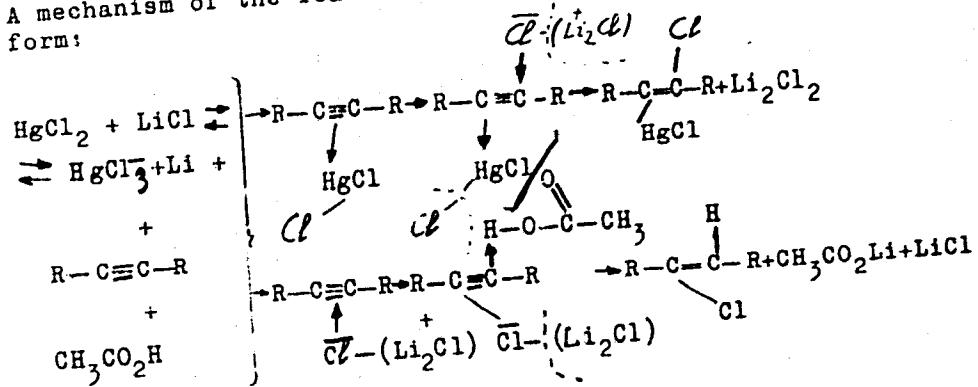
SOV/21-59-6-15/27

Kinetics and Mechanism of Mercury Chloride Addition to the Triple Bond in
the Presence of Lithium Chloride in Methanol

addition reaction:

$$v = k_4 [R-C\equiv C-R][HgCl_2][LiCl]^2.$$

A mechanism of the reaction is expressed in the following form:



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Kinetics and Mechanism of Mercury Chloride Addition to the Triple Bond in
the Presence of Lithium in Methanol

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There are 6 graphs and 4 references, 3 of which are Soviet
and 1 American

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR (Institute of
Organic Chemistry of the AS UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: February 3, 1959

Card 4/4

ZHUKOV, O.; YANOVICH, A.

Structure of the trihydroxyphenol bromide. In Russian. p.63

ACTA CHIMICA (Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia) Budapest. Hungary
Vol. 21, no. 1, 1959.

Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (MEA) 16 Vol. 3, no. 2, Feb. 1960
Budapest

17(3)

AUTHORS: Shilov, Ye. A., Academician of the
AS UkrSSR, Yasnikov, A. A. SOV/20-124-2-61/71

TITLE: On the Part Alanine Plays in Biosynthetic Processes in Plants
(Ob uchasti alanina v biosinteticheskikh protsessakh v
rasteniyakh)

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 124, Nr 2,
pp 459 - 461 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Alanine belongs to the substances forming during the initial stages of photosynthesis in plants (Ref 1). Little is known about its further transformations, especially about the problem mentioned in the title. It is a remarkable fact that in the liver and the kidneys alanine may be a better donor of acetyl groups than acetic-, lactic- and pyruvic acid (Refs 3, 4). Alanine is of greatest importance as an intermediate product in the formation of rubber and carotene in Kok-Sagyz (a rubber producing type of composite flowers from Central Asia) (Ref 5), as well as of fats in linseed (Ref 6).
Card 1/3 Experiments proved that the alanine-2-C¹⁴ or -3-C¹⁴ introduced

On the Part Alanine Plays in Biosynthetic Processes SOV/20-124-2-61/71
in Plants

through leaves or roots can provide rubber with a higher radioactivity than it is the case with radioactive acetic acid or saccharides etc, under the same conditions. This holds also for carotene which, however, becomes also radioactive in the case of introduction of marked acetic acid. If, however, carbon in the alanine molecule in the carboxyl group is marked neither rubber nor carotene become remarkably radioactive. Figures 1 and 2 give as an example results of an experimental series. In other experimental series (Ref 5) alanine-^{-2-C14} caused in rubber 3 to 4 times higher activity than acetic acid, glycocol, acetoacetic acid and several hexoses. The L- and D-types of alanine take part to about the same extent in the formation of radioactive rubber as their racemic mixture. The results obtained prove that the 2-carbon residue forming as a result of the decarboxylation of alanine plays a part in different biosynthetic processes in plants. Alanine is obviously transformed into carotene molecules passing through the stage of pyruvic- and acetic acid (Fig 2). The higher rapidity and the degree of absorption of the alanine-2-carbon residue into rubber compared to acetic acid

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On the Part Alanine Plays in Biosynthetic Processes
in Plants

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point to the fact that the forming alanine decarboxylation product (apparently acetaldehyde imine) is not transformed into an acetyl coenzyme A but that it takes immediately part in the formation of the molecules of rubber or its predecessors. The participation of alanine in several biosynthetic processes in plants is obviously due to the fact that alanine can serve as donor of 2-carbon acids: acetic acid and acetaldehyde imine. The latter form further links of the chain of biosynthetic reactions. There are 3 figures and 11 references, 4 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR (Institute of Organic Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: September 22, 1958

Card 3/3

VAYNSHTEYN, F.M.; SHILOV, Ye.A.; GRISHIN, O.M.

Hydrogen isotope effect in the halogenation of aromatic compounds.
(MIRA 14:4)
Zhur. VKHO 5 no.1:119-120 '60.

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Aromatic compounds) (Halogenation)

KOZ'INENKO, I.K.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and mechanism of reactions between active chlorine
and organic compounds. Part 13; Oxidation of the meta-
sulfonylbenzyl alcohol ion. Ukr. khim. zhur. 26 no.2:206-217
'60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. Kiyevskiy politekhnicheskiy institut organicheskoy
khimii AN USSR.
(Benzyl alcohol)

VATNSHTEYN, F.M.; SHILOV, Ye.A., akademik

Significance of the kinetic isotope effect in the theory of
hydrogen substitution in aromatic systems. Dokl. AN SSSR
133 no.3:581-584 Jl '60.

(MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii Akademii nauk USSR.
2. Akademiya nauk USSR (for Shilov).
(Substitution(Chemistry))
(Deuterium)

Report to be submitted for the IPRC Data Conference and 19th IUPAC Pure and Applied Chemistry, October, 20-22 August 1981.

- GODENSKIY, G. V., Academy of Sciences USSR - "New and some spectroscopic kinetics in fluid salts" (Section A.3, 8-2 - Section II, 11 Aug 61, afternoon)
- GURVICH, L. V., Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow - "The calculation of thermodynamic functions of gases in a wide temperature range" (Section A.3, 8-1, Section II - 8 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KERET, V. A., Physical-Chemical Institute Iment L. Ya., Karpov, Moscow - "Interaction phenomena in crystalline polymers" (Section 3.4 - 7 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KISLEV, A. V., Moscow State University Iment V. V. Lomonosov - "The influence of surface heterogeneity and carbide-alloyate interaction on the absorption properties of solid surfaces" (Joint Session, Sections A.2 and B.1 - 8 Aug 61, morning)
- KRASOVSKY, V. N., Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow - "The magnetic (Section A.1, Section I - 11 Aug 61, morning) (Also, Section A.1, 8 Aug 61, morning) - 3 hrs. (to be presented)
- KRISTENSON, V. I., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., Vernadsky, Academy of Sciences USSR - "The influence of organic compounds on the concentration of small amounts of the elements" (to be presented in Russian) (Section C.2 - 11 Aug 61, morning)
- KRUMITINA, A. K., BARYSHNIKOV, Z. S., and POGATZHEVA, L. P., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., Vernadsky, Academy of Sciences USSR - "New data on radiochemical investigation of the phenomena of fission and fragmentation induced by high energy protons" (Section A. - 12 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, Iu. A., Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow - "Determination of rate constants of elementary processes from flame velocities as a function of temperature, pressure, and molecular transfer coefficients" (Section A.3, 8-2 - 7 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KUMLIKOV, B. (Probability MHDYAN, S.) and GORENSTEIN, Y. I., Moscow State University - "Study of the thermodynamic properties of the system liquid, N, V" (Section A.3, 8-2 - 7 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KROKHINA, (Section A.3, 8-1, Section IIIA - 11 Aug 61, morning)
- KUZYATOV, G. M., KERET, V. A., KARPOV, L. Ya., V. V. VYASOV, V. P., and SOKOLOV, Yu. V., Moscow State University Iment V. V. Lomonosov - "Stabilization of complex and multi-phase reactions (Joint Session 3.2 and 3.3 - 8 Aug 61, morning)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, Z. S., Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences USSR - "Correlation chemical reaction at reduced temperature and related problems of energy transfer" (to be presented in Russian) (Paramagnetic Lecture Series Tuesday 12 Aug 61)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, V. V., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., Vernadsky, Academy of Sciences USSR, Moscow - "The active agents in the intermediate complexes in the heterolytic reactions of halogenation of the organic compounds" (Section A.1, Section II - 11 Aug 61, morning)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, M. M., Electrochemistry Institute, Sternberg At. - "The equilibrium between the titanium subgroup metals and the salt melts" (Section D.1 - 7 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KULIKOV, V. I., Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences USSR - "Reactions of ions and molecules in the gas phase" (Section A.1, Section I - 9 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KURENTZOV, A. N., Institute of Chemical Physics, Academy of Sciences USSR - "Section A.1, Section I - 9 Aug 61, afternoon) (Also a group for Section C.1, 8 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KUTAFIN, A. V., KERET, V. A., KARPOV, L. Ya., and DIMITROV, M. (Minsk Agricultural University) - "Kinetics, V. I., KERET, V. A., and DIMITROV, M. (Minsk Agricultural University) - "Mass-spectrometry and luminescence of molecules and particles in the photoionization and photolysis of molecules by vacuum ultraviolet radiation" (Section A.1, Section I - 9 Aug 61 - afternoon)
- KYRZHANSKY, B. F., Scientific Research Physico-Chemical Institute Iment L. Ya., Karpov - "On the dissociation of molecules on electron impacts and energy states of radiation-chemical processes" (Section A.1, Section I - 9 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KYRZHANSKY, B. F., DEMCHIK, Yu. V., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., and KUDRYAVTSEV, V. V., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., Vernadsky, Academy of Sciences USSR - "The plasma parameter and its use for spectral analysis of alloys and rocks" (Section C.1 - 8 Aug 61, morning)
- KYRZHANSKY, A. F., KARPOVINA, A. K., and KERET, V. I., Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry Iment V. I., Vernadsky, Academy of Sciences USSR - "The study of nuclear reaction in ionized substances under the action of high energy protons" (Section A.1 - 8 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, V. I., KERET, V. A., and DIMITROV, M. (Minsk Agricultural University) - "Kinetics, V. I., KERET, V. A., and DIMITROV, M. (Minsk Agricultural University) - "Mass-spectrometry and luminescence of materials for semiconductor technique by radiation activation analysis" (to be presented in Russian) (Section C.1 - 8 Aug 61, afternoon)
- KUDRYAVTSEV, V. V., Institute of Petro-organic Chemistry, Moscow - "Arrangement and absorption abilities on the decompositon rate of soils" (Section A.2 - 8 Aug 61, afternoon)

SHILOV, Ye.A.

Production of ethylene chlorohydrin from gases with a flow ethylene
concentration. Khim.prom. no.l:24-25 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)
(Ethylene) (Ethanol)

OSTROVERKHOV, V.G.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Studies involving the theory of nucleophilic additions. Part 7:
reactions when weak nucleophilic agents act upon molecules containing
a double bond. Ukr. khim. zhur. 27 no.209-212 '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Addition reactions)

SHILOV, Ye. A.; VAYNSHTEYN, F.M.; YASNIKOV, A.A.

Participation of halogen cations in the mechanism of halogenation
of organic compounds. Kin. i kat. 2 no.2:214-220 Mr-Ap '61.
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN USSR, Kiyev.
(Halogenation)

SHILOV, Ye.A.; YASNIKOV, A.A.

Catalytic action of amino acids and amines in organic reactions.
Part 4: Specific catalytic action of amines in the enolization
of ketones. Ukr.khim.zhur. 27 no.5:639-658 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN USSR.
(Amines) (Catalysis) (Ketones)

SHILOV, Ye.A., akademik

Structure of intermediate and transition complexes in heterocyclic
reaction of unsaturated compounds. Zhur. VKHO 7 no.4:419-426
'62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Akademiya nauk UkrSSR.
(Complex compounds) (Unsaturated compounds)

DVORKO, G. F.; SHILOV, Ye. A.

Contribution to the theory of nucleophilic reactions. Part 8:
Addition of hydrogen chloride to acetylene derivatives in
methyl alcohol. Ukr. khim. zhur. 28 no. 5:626-632 '62.
(MIRA 15:10)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

(Acetylene compounds) (Hydrochloric acid)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and mechanism of the addition of mercuric chloride to acetylene derivatives in methanol solution. Ukr.khim.zhur. 28 no.7:833-841 '62.
(MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.
(Acetylene compounds) (Mercury chloride) (Addition reactions)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Theory of nucleophilic additions. Part 9: Addition of hydrogen bromide to acetylenedicarboxylic ester by active reagents from lithium bromide solutions in acetic acid. Ukr.khim.zhur. 28 no.9:1073-1079 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.
(Acetylenedicarboxylic acid)
(Hydrobromic acid)
(Addition reactions (Chemistry))

RENGEVICH, Ye.N.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

New determination of the equilibrium constant of
 $I_2 \rightleftharpoons I^-$ by the distribution method. Ukr.khim.zhur.
28 no.9:1080-1086 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.
(Potassium iodide)
(Iodine)
(Chemical equilibrium)

SHILOV, Ye.A.

Present state of the theory of the synthesis of ethylene chlorohydrin.
Zhir.prikl.khim. 35 no.1:225-227 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:1)
(Ethanol)

RENGEVICH, Ye.N.; STANIETS, V.I.; SHILOV, Ye.A., akademik

Significance of cyclic transition complexes in the mechanism of
organic reactions. Dokl. AN SSSR 146 no.1:111-114 S '62.
(MIRA 15:9)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN Ukrainskoy SSR. 2. AN
Ukrainskoy SSR (for Shilov).
(Cyclic compounds)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Investigation of the theory of nucleophilic additions. Part 10:
Kinetics and mechanism of the addition of hydrogen iodide to
acetylene compounds in water. Ukr.khim.zhur. 29 no.1:73-79 '63.
(MIRA 16:5)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.
(Hydriodic acid) (Addition reactions) (Acetylene compounds)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Investigations in the theory of nucleophilic additions, Part II:
Kinetics and mechanism of the addition of hydrogen bromide to
acetylenedicarboxylic acid in water. General conclusions on
the kinetics of addition of halogen acids in water. Ukr. khim.
zhur. 29 no.2:165-169 '63. (MIRA 16:6)

i. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.
(Addition reactions)
(Hydrobromic acid)
(Acetylenedicarboxylic acid)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and the mechanism of addition of hydrogen iodide
to multiple carbon-carbon bonds in organic solvents. Part 2:
Addition of hydrogen iodide to cyclohexene in benzene. - Kin.
i kat. 5 no.2:240-246 Mr-Ap '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

VAYNSHTEYN, F.M.; TOMILENKO, Ye.I.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics of iodination of aromatic amino compounds and m-phenol-sulfonate by iodine in aqueous solutions. Ukr. khim. zhur. 30 no.8:
831-838 '64. (MIFB 17:11)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

TASHKOV, A.A.; SHILOV, Ye.A.; VOLKOVA, N.V.

Catalytic action of amino acids and amines in organic reactions.
Part 15. Ukr. Khim. zhur. 30 no.12:1316-1318 '64
(MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

SERGUCHEV, Yu.A.; SHILOV, Ye.A., akademik

Homogeneous catalysis in the heterolytic chlorination of unsaturated compounds. Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no.6:1383-1386 Ap '64.

(MIRA 17:4)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR. 2. AN UkrSSR (for Shilov).

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and mechanism of addition of hydrogen iodide to multiple carbon-carbon bonds in organic solvents. Part 3: Addition of hydrogen iodide to cyclohexene in hexane, toluene, and chlorobenzene. Kin.i kat. 5 no.6:996-999 N-D '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

MEL'NICHENKO, I.V., SHILOV, Ye.A.; YASHNIKOV, A.A.

Catalytic action of amino acids and amines. Part II: Kinetics of
enolization of acetone in the presence of amino acids of various
structure. Ukr. khim. zhur. 30 no.6:59-603 '64. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

MEL'NICHENKO, I.V.; SHILOV, Ye.A.; YASNIKOV, A.A.

Catalytic effect of amino acids and amines in organic reactions.
Part 14: Mechanism of hydration of crotonic aldehyde. Ukr.khim.
zhur. 30 no.11:1171-1178 '64. (MIRA 18:2)

DVORKO, G.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and mechanism of addition of hydrogen iodide to multiple carbon-carbon bonds in organic solvents. Part 4:
Addition of hydrogen iodide to dimethyl ester of acetylene-dicarboxylic acid in toluene, chlorobenzene, and hexane.
Kin. i kat. 6 no.1:37-40 Ja-F '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

VOLKOV, N.V.; SHILOV, Ye.A.; YASNISOV, A.A.

Catalytic action of amino acids and amines in reactions of carbonyl compounds. Part 16: Kinetics and mechanism of iodination of acetol phosphate in the presence of ethylenediamine. Ukr. khim. zhur. 31 no.1:56-60 '65. (NIRA 18:5)

I. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

YASHIKOV, L.V.; SHILOV, Ye.A.; GRICHIN, O.M.

Reduction of benzaldehyde and p-nitrobenzaldehyde by N-benzyl-L,
4-dihydronicotinamide in an alkaline solution. Ukr. khim. zhur.
31 no.1:113-119 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

I. Institut organicheskoy khimi: AN UkrSSR.

DVORKO, G.F.; KARPENKO, T.P.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Kinetics and mechanism of hydrogen iodide addition to multiple carbon-carbon bonds in organic solvents. Part 5: Addition of hydrogen iodide to methyl ester of propionic acid in chlorobenzene. Kin.i kat. 6 no.5:809-814 S-0 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

VAYNSHTEYN, F.M.; DEGURKO, T.A.; TOMILENKO, Ye.I.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Role of anion acceptors in the mechanism of nucleophilic
substitution in aromatic systems. Ukr.khim.zhur. 31
no.5:518-521 '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR. Submitted Febr. 5,
1965.

DVORKO, G.F.; KARPENKO, T.F.; MIRONOVA, D.F.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Contributions to the theory of nucleophilic additions. Part 15:
Nature of the acid as an important factor in the kinetics of
hydrogen iodide addition to dimethyl ester of acrylenedicarboxylic
acid in methanol and methanol - chloroform mixtures. Ukr. khim.
zhur. 31 no. 11:1177-1182 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR.

STANINETS, V.I.; SHILOV, Ye.A.

Syntheses of five-membered heterocycles by iodination and
bromination of unsaturated compounds. Ukr. khim. zhur. 31
no. 12:1286-1289 '65 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN UkrSSR. Submitted June
15, 1964.

BERDICHESKII, G.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; DMITRIYEV, S.A., kand.tekhn.nauk;
MIKHAYLOV, K.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; GVOZDEV, A.A., prof., doktor
tekhn.nauk; MIKHAYLOV, V.V., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; BULGAKOV,
V.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; VASIL'YEV, A.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; YEVGEN'YEV,
I.Ye., kand.tekhn.nauk; MULIN, N.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; SVETOV, A.A.,
kand.tekhn.nauk; FRENKEL', I.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; BELOBROV, I.K.,
inzh.; MATKOV, N.G., inzh.; MITNIK, G.S., inzh.; SKLYAR, B.L., inzh.;
SHILOV, Ye.V., inzh.; MASENKO, I.D., inzh.; NIZHNICHENKO, I.P., inzh.;
FILIPPOVA, G.P., inzh.; MIZERNYUK, B.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHEYNFEL'D,
N.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; BALAT'YEV, P.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; BARBARASH,
I.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; MITGARTS, L.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHIFRIN, M.A.,
kand.tekhn.nauk; PETROVA, V.V., red.izd-vs; TEKIN, Ye.L., tekhn.red.

[Temporary instruction on the technology of making prestressed re-inforced concrete construction elements] Vremennaya instruktsiya po
tekhnologii izgotovleniya predvaritel'no napriazhennykh zhelezobetonykh konstruktsii. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i
stroit.materiale, 1959. 255 p. (MIRA 12:12)

(Continued on next card)

BERDICHEVSKIY, G.I.---(continued) Card 2.

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. Institut betona i zhalezobetona, Perovo. 2. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut betona i zhalezobetona Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Gvozdev, V.V.Mikhaylov; Berdichevskiy, Bulgakov, Vasil'yev, Dmitriyev, Yevgen'yev, K.V.Mikhaylov, Mulin, Svetov, Frenkel', Belobrov, Matkov, Mitnik, Sklyar, Shilov). 3. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut organizatsii, mekhanizatsii i tekhnicheskoi akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Masenko, Nizhnichenko, Filippova, Mizernyuk, Sheynfel'd). 4. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Glavmospormstroymaterialov (for Balat'yev, Barbarash). 5. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po stritel'stvu Minstroya RSFSR (for Mitgarts, Shifrin). 6. Deystvitel'nyye chleny Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Gvozdev, V.V.Mikhaylov).

(Prestressed concrete)

SHILOV, Ye.V., inzh.

Investigating losses of preliminary stress in bundle reinforcements during their stretching by double-action jacks. Trudy
NIIZHE no.13:25-38 '60. (MIRA 13:7)
(Prestressed concrete)

SHILOV, Ye.V., inzh.

Anchoring high-strength wire bundles in prestressed concrete
construction. Trudy NIIZB no.16:35-64 '60. (MIRA 14:5)
(Prestressed concrete)
(Concrete reinforcement)

Reinforced unities of
SHILOV, Ye. V. Cand Tech Sci -- "Study of the anchoring of high-strength wires
~~reinforcing~~ in ~~concrete~~ prestressed ~~reinforced~~ reinforced-concrete structures
with pressure transfer to the solidified concrete." Mos, 1961 (Acad of
Construction and Architecture USSR. Sci Res Inst of Concrete and Reinforced
Concrete "NIIZhB"). (KL, 4-61, 202)

263

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5

LYUBINSKIY, Ya.S.; SHILOV, Yu.A.

Flexible coupling of the electric motor with the lathe rest.
Mashinostroitel' no.6:17 Je '64. (MIRA 17:8)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5"

SHILOV, Yuryi Georgiyevich; SAL'NICHENKO, M.A., metodist, red.; Suvorina,
T.M., red.; SUKMANOVA, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Toward a single-type communist property] K edinoy kommunisticheskoi sobstvennosti, Perm' Permskoe knishn'e izd-vo, 1960. 29 p.
(MIRA 14:12)

1. Dom politicheskogo prosveshcheniya pri Permskom oblastnom komitete Kommunisticheskoy partii Sovetskogo Soyuza (for Sal'nichenko).
(Collective farms) (Socialist property)

L 35828-66 EWP(k)/EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(h)/T/EWP(l)/EWP(v) WE

ACC NR: AP6016311 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0314/66/000/001/0046/0047
42

AUTHOR: Shilov, Yu. K. (Engineer) 41

ORG: none B

TITLE: The latest improvements in the technology of the production of chemical and oil refining equipment

SOURCE: Khimicheskoye i neftyanoye mashinostroyeniye, no. 1, 1966,
46-47

TOPIC TAGS: chemical industry, ~~petroleum~~, economic development,
~~PETROLEUM REFINERY EQUIPMENT, MACHINE INDUSTRY~~

ABSTRACT: The article is a report on the proceedings of a meeting held in Tambov in September, 1965 and a summary of some of the key speeches given at the meeting. The meeting was attended by more than 200 factory workers and members of research, design, and other organizations. V. P. Sokolov, of the VNIIPYkhimmash institute, outlined the plans for the industry through 1970. By this date, in comparison with 1963, the amount of automatic and semi-automatic equipment is scheduled to increase by 3.3 times, equipment for contact electric welding by 2.3 times, equipment for gas welding and metal cutting by 3 times, and auxiliary equipment by 5 times. A. G. Lamzin of the

Card 1/2

UDC: 66.05.002.2:65.012.63

I 35828-66

ACC NR: AP6016311

VNIITkhimnefteapparatur institute presented an analysis of the
specialization and mechanization of the industry. Orig. art. has: none.

SUB CODE: 07,II,14/ SUBM DATE: none

rw
Card 2/2

SHILOV, Yu.M., kandidat farmatsyvticheskikh nauk

Development and place of quality control over drugs in pharmacies
of the U.S.S.R. Apt.delo 6 no 5:20-25 S-0 '57. (MIRA 10:11)
(PHARMACY--QUALITY CONTROL)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5

BELOVA, O.I., kand.farmatsevticheskikh nauk; SHILOV, Yu.M., kand.farmatsevticheskikh nauk

Industry-wide conference on the production of tablets and manufactured medicinals. Apt.delo 7 no.1:90-92 Ja-P '58. (MIRA 11:3)
(DRUG INDUSTRY)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549510001-5"

BLAGOVIDOVA, Yu.A., SHILOV, Yu.M.

Enlarged plenary session of the administration of the All-Union
Pharmaceutical Society. Apt.delo 7 no.4:73-75 Jl-Ag '58 (MIRA 11:8)
(PHARMACY--SOCIETIES)

KUTUMOVA, Ye.N., otv.red.; SHILOV, Yu.M., kand.farmats.nauk, zamestitel'
otv.red.; GORYAINOVA, N.S., kand.khim.nauk, red.; POLYAKOV, N.G.,
doktor med.nauk, red.; SEDOVA, K.D., kand.farmats.nauk, red.;
POLIN, A.N., red.; BOGACHEVA, Z.I., tekhn.red.

[Some problems in materia medica; collection of works of the
Central Pharmaceutical Research Institute of the Ministry of Public
Health of the U.S.S.R.] Nekotorye voprosy lekarstvovedeniia; sbornik
rabot TSentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
M-vs zdravookhranenia SSSR. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo med.lit-ry, 1959.
142 p. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Iz laboratorii farmakologii TSentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issle-
dovatel'skogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR (for Po-
lyakov).

(MATERIA MEDICA)

KUTUMOVA, Ye.N., kand.farmatsevticheskikh nauk; SHILOV, Yu.M.

Activity of the Central Pharmaceutical Research Institute in
1957 and 1958. Apt.delo 8 no.2:8-13 Mr-Ap '59.
(MIRA 12:5)

1. Direktor TSentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta (for Kutumova). 2. Zamestitel' direktora TSentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta po nauchnoy chasti (for Shilov).
(PHARMACEUTICAL RESEARCH)

BUSEV, A.I.; KUZNETSOV, V.I., prof.; SHILOV, Yu.M., kand.farmatsevticheskikh nauk; TARASENKO, M.I., kand.khim.nauk

"Analytical chemistry" by F.M.Shemiakin, A.N.Karpov, A.N.
Brusentsov. Reviewed by A.I.Busev and others. Apt.delo
8 no.2:90-93 Mr-Ap '59. (MIRA 12:5)
(CHEMISTRY, ANALYTICAL) (SHEMIAKIN, F.M.) (KARPOV, A.N.)
(BRUSENTSOV, A.N.)

SHILOV, Yu.M., kandidat farmarsevticheskikh nauk

"Index Internationalis Pharmaceuticus" by A. Heinige and others.
Reviewed by IU.M. Shilov. Apt.delo 8 no.6:74-75 N-D '59.

(MIRA 13:4)

(PHARMACY--NOMENCLATURE)

(HEINIGE, A.)

TARASENKO, M.I.; SHILOV, Yu.M.

Use of unstable binary compounds as the gravimetric form in rapid
gravimetric analysis (determination of lead). Sbor. nauch. rab.
(MIRA 14:1)
MFI 2:130-132 '59.

1. Kafedra neorganicheskoy khimii (zav. - dotsent M.I.Tarasenko)
Moskovskogo farmatsevticheskogo instituta.
(LEAD ANALYSIS)

MURAV'YEV, I.A.; SHILOV, Yu.M.

Fourth Congress of the Pharmaceutical Societies of the German Democratic Republic. Apt. delo 10 no. 2:67-69 Mr-Ap '61.

(MIRA 14:4)

(GERMANY, EAST—PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETIES—CONGRESSES)

SHILOV, Yu.M.; TARASENKO, M.I.

"Analytic chemistry." Part 2: "Quantitative chemical analysis" by
F.M.Shemiakin, A.N.Karpov, A.N.Brusentsov. Reviewed by Iu.M.Shilov
and M.I.Tarasenko. Apt. delo 10 no.5:85-88 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:12)
(CHEMISTRY, MEDICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL)
(SHEMIAKIN, F.M.) (KARPOV, A.N.) (BRUSENTSOV, A.N.)

SHILOV, Yu.M., kand.farm.nauk

Some data on the extraction of the active substances from medicinal plants during the process of their dispersion. Sbor.nauch.trud.
TSANII 2:65-68 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Rukovoditel' laboratorii fiziko-khimicheskogo analiza Tsentral'-nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta.
(EXTRACTS)

BLAGOVIDOVA, Yu.A., dots., otv. red.; MEL'NICHENKO, A.K., zam.
otv. red.; GAMMERMAN, A.F., prof., red.; KUTUMOVA, Ye.N.,
red.; SEDOVA, K.D., kand. farm. nauk, red.; SENOV, P.L.,
prof., red.; SIDORKOV, A.M., red.; STETSYUK, A.M., red.;
SHILOV, Yu.M., kand. farm. nauk, red.; KHALETSKIY, A.M.,
prof., red.

[Materials of the Second All-Union Conference of Pharmacists] Materialy Vtoroi Vsesoiuznoi konferentsii farma-
tsevtov. Moskva, Medgiz, 1961. 394 p. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya farmatsevtov, 2d, Leningrad, 1959.
2. Kafedra tekhnologii lekarstv I Moskovskogo meditsinskogo in-
stituta im. I.M.Sechenova (for Blagovidova). 3. Direktor
Tsentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo insti-
tuta (for Kutumova). 4. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy farmatsevti-
cheskoy fakultet I Moskovskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni
I.M.Sechenova (for Senov). 5. Zamestitel' direktora po na-
uchnoy chasti Tsentral'nogo aptechnogo nauchno-issledovatel'-
skogo instituta (for Shilov).

CHICHIRO, V. Ye.; SHILOV, Yu.M., kand. farm. nauk

Identification of motherwort preparations. Sbor. nauch. trud.
TSANII 4: 130-135 '63 (MIRA 17:3)

1. Laboratoriya fizicheskoy khimii Tsentral'nogo aptechnogo
nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta.

SHILOV, Yu.M.; DARAGAN, V.L.; YERMAKOV, V.I.

Possibility of determining the moisture of the granular substance for tablets by measuring its dielectric permeability.
Aptech. delo 12 no.3:22-24 My-Je'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. ~~entral'nyy aptechnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut i Moskovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy institut imeni Mendeleyeva.~~

SHILOV, Yu.M.; DARAGAN, V.L.

High-frequency analysis and possibilities of its use in
pharmaceutical practice. Apt. delo 12 no.4:72-76 Jl-Ag '63.
(MIRA 17:2)

1. TSentral'nyy aptechnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy
institut.

SHILOV, Yu.M., kand. farm. nauk; DARAGAN, V.L.; YERMAKOV, V.I., kand.
khim. nauk

High-frequency device for the determination of moisture in
samples of loose preparations. Sbor. nauch. trud. TSANII 6:
127-133 '64. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Tsentral'nyy aptechnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
(for Shilov, Daragan). 2. Moskovskiy khimiko-tehnologicheskiy
institut imeni Mendeleyeva (for Yermakov).

FISHER, P.N.; KEYL', I.A.; VOROB'YEVA, G.I.; SHVARTSKROYN, B.M.; ALYAMOVSKAYA,
T.S.; ZYBIN, S.Ye.; DRUZHININA, A.T.; SHILOV, Yu.P.

Growing yeast on hydrolysates from coniferous wood. *Gidroliz.*
i lesokhim. prom. 16 no.5:7-12 '63. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Moskovskoye otdeleniye Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'-skogo instituta gidroliznoy i sul'fitno-spirtovoy promyshlennosti (for Fisher, Keyl', Vorob'yeva, Shvartskroyh, Alyamovskaya).
2. Ivdel'skiy gidroliznyy zavod (for Zybin, Druzhinina, Shilov).

SHILOV, Yu.P.; BATIKOV, L.S.

Experimental operation of DSG-25 separators. Gidroliz. i
lesokhim. prom. 16 no.6:28 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Ivdel'skiy gidroliznyy zavod.

BOBOREKO, E.A.; KALYUZHNYY, M.Ya.; CHAYKA, N.D.; ABRAMOVICH, M.M.; SHILOV, Yu.P.;
DRUZHININA, A.T.; ZYBIN, S.Ye. [deceased]; BATIKOV, L.S.

Improving the process of yeast growing on wood hydrolyzates.
Gidroliz. i lesokhim.prom. 17 no.8:22-25 '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidroliznoy
i sul'fitno-spirtovoy promyshlennosti, Leningrad (for Boboreko,
Kalyuznny, Chayka, Abramovich). 2. Ivdel'skiy gidroliznyy zavod
(for Shilov, Druzhinina, Zybin, Batikov).

SHILOV, Yu.S.

Drainage of the gas-producing deposit No.2 by means of a vertical
drainage installation in the Kuznetsk Basin. Podzem.gaz.ugl.
no.3:52-55 '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut
podzemnoy gazifikatsii ugley.
(Kuznetsk Basin--Coal mines and mining) (Drainage)

Shilov, Yu.
SHILOV, Yu.S.

Draining underground gas producers. Podzem.gaz.ugl. no.4:49-50
'57.
(MIRA 11:1)

1.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Podzemgaz.
(Hydraulic engineering)
(Coal gasification, Underground)

SHILOV, Yu.S.

Selecting a drainage system of underground gas producers operated without mining. Podzem. gaz. ugl. no.1:46-50 '59.

(MIRA 12:6)

1. VNII Podzengaz.

(Coal gasification, Underground)
(Drainage)

SHILOV, Yu.S.

Changes in the chemical composition and mineralization of
underground waters in the gas producer plant at the Yuzhno-
Abinskaya "Podzemgas" station. Podzem.gaz.ugl. no.3:37-39
'59. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut
podzemnoy gazifikatsii ugley.
(Kuznetsk Basin--Coal gasification, Underground)
(Water, Underground)

SHILOV, Yu. S., CAND GEOL AND MINERAL SCI, "PECULIARITIES
OF THE REGIME OF SUBTERRANEAN WATERS, HYDROGEOLOGICAL ~~PA-~~
~~studies~~ INVESTIGATIONS AND DRAINAGE IN UNDERGROUND ^{gasification} ~~gasification~~ OF
COAL. (ON THE EXAMPLE OF THE SOUTH ABINSK "PODZEMGAZ" STA-
TION IN KUZBASS)." Moscow, 1961. (MOSCOW ORDER OF LENIN
AND ORDER OF LABOR RED BANNER STATE UNIV IMENI M. V. LOMONOSOV.
GEOL FACULTY. CHAIR OF HYDROGEOLOGY). (KL-DV, 11-61, 213).

SHITOV, Yu. S., Cand. geologo-mineralogich. nauk

Results of creating underground gas producers at the "Podzemgaz"
Plant in Yuzhno-Ubinsk using horizontal drains and burnt-out
areas. Trudy VNII Podzemgaza no. 12.94-106 '64. (VNIIA 18:6)

Le laboratoriyu gidrogeologicheskaya Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-
issledovatel'skogo instituta pozemnoy geofiziki i geologii.

Khlystov, V.; Shirok, Yu.S., kand. g. geolog-mineral. nauk

operation of rod pump at the "Podzemgaz" gas station in Yuzhno-
Achinskaya. Trudy VNIIF podzemgaza no.13:79-80 '65.

(MIRA 18:8)

I. Grupp po tekhnike bezopasnosti i laboratoriya konstruktsiy
vodorayki gasegenerat rov Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
instituta podzemny gazifikatsii ugley.

SHILOVA, A.

USSR/Medicine - Silicosis
Medicine - Blood, Chemistry

Oct 48

"Some Changes in the Blood Due to Silicosis," Prof S. N. Genkin, I. Gel'fon, N. Migina,
A. Rashevskaya, A. Shilova, Clinic, Inst of Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases,
Acad Med Sci USSR, 7 pp

"Klin Med" Vol XXVI, No 10

Estimations of hemoglobin, leukocyte count, and differential count in silicosis without complications remain within normal limits. They do not undergo alterations corresponding to progress of the disease. In silico-tuberculosis, the percentage of cases with leukocytosis shift the differential count to left, lymphopenia and eosinopenia become more marked with transition from early to late stages. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate increases in both silico-tuberculosis and silicosis. Albumen content in serum is normal. Viscosity increases.

PA 31/49T27

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The effect of the nutrient medium and of culturing procedures on the synthesis of amylolytic enzymes by *Aspergillus oryzae*. R. V. Feniksova, F. M. Kinzburinskaya, and A. A. Shilova. *Trudy Vsesoyuz. Nauch.-Issledovatel. Inst. Sint. Prom.* 1954, No. 2, 110-27; *Referat. Zhur. Khim., Biol. Khim.* 1955, No. 12723.—A comparative study was made of 3 methods of culturing *A. oryzae*: (1) deep submerged, (2) surface, on solid medium, and (3) pellicular, on liquid medium. Method 3 proved most suitable for the purpose of obtaining higher amylolytic enzyme concn. Methods 1 and 2 yielded amylase of av. normal activity. The right concns. and proper ratios of the constituents of the medium are requisites for the production of potent amylase. It is recommended that the concn. of N in the Czapek medium be increased 3-6 times and the concns. of the carbohydrates 2-3 times the original. Starch is the best source of carbohydrate and inorg. NH₄ salts best source of N with the medium at a neutral pH. When synthetic medium was used in conjunction with starch and (NH₄)₂SO₄, method 1 proved most suited for the production of active amylase. NaNO₃ and KNO₃ are of equal value as sources for N, but the amylase produced is of lower concn. With NH₄ salts of org. acids high concn. of amylase was obtained with H₃CO₂ NH₄ and method 1. B. S. Levine

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